

# ThermoPro<sup>™</sup> Series TP10

Ultrasonic Thermal Energy Meter For Permanent Installation

# **Applications**

The TP10 thermal energy measurement meter is an ideal choice for a wide range of applications in HVAC, energy production, energy transfer, building management, university facility management, district heating and cooling, geothermal and solar hot water system monitoring, and all other liquidbased thermal energy production/transferring applications.

Some examples are:

- · Chilled water sub-metering
- Hot water sub-metering
- · Condensate and heating water circuits
- Boiler feed water
- Glycol / Water mixture
- Thermal storage
- Geothermal system
- Solar hot-water system
- Chemical feed / Ammonia feed
- Power plants
- District energy management and billing
- · LEED / Green building verification, green credit applications

# ThermoPro" TP10 Flour 8.99998 m3/h \*H HET \*129x1 m3 Utrasonic Thermal Energy Meter 1 2 3 4 4 5 6 4/\* 7 8 9 0 1 10

- Energy consulting
- Facility management in shopping malls, campuses, industrial parks, hospitals, commercial buildings, government buildings, airports and more

# **Features And Benefits**

- Non-intrusive thermal energy / BTU measurement
- Clamp-on ultrasonic technology
- Easy and economical installation. No pipe work required
- No moving parts to wear and tear. No maintenance required
- Industrial grade temperature sensors and ultrasonic sensors for improved robustness
- Paired PTI00 RTD sensors and ultrasonic transducers for improved accuracy
- NIST-traceable factory calibration
- Suitable for pure liquids and liquids with some particles. No dependency on conductivity
- Suitable for all commonly used pipes
- Bi-directional flow measurement

- Seamless integration of temperature and flow so to deliver a complete energy metering solution
- High-performance. Abundant input/output features, such as 4-20mA, relay, alarm, task scheduler, batch controller and more
- Totalizers for flow, energy, daily energy and monthly energy
- Large data logger for recording multiple variables (optional)
- Communication: RS485/MODBUS. Optional GPRS, GSM, RF wireless
- Compatible with uGalaxy telemetry system for centralized energy distribution management



Spire Metering Technology LLC, 14B Craig Road, Acton, MA 01720, USA

Tel +1 978 263-7100 / 888 738-0188 (toll-free) Fax +1 978 418-9170 sales@spiremt.com www.SpireMT.com





A member of the ThermoPro Series, the TP10 Ultrasonic Thermal Energy Meter (also called BTU Meter) is the first member of the 3rd generation ultrasonic thermal energy meters from Spire Metering. Compared with its predecessors, the 3rd generation meters offer better performance and a richer feature set.

The TP10 ultrasonic energy meter is designed to be installed at a fixed location

for long-term flow measurement on a closed pipe carrying liquid. The unit uses a pair of clamp-on ultrasonic transducers to measure the flow from the outside of a pipe nonintrusively. It also uses a pair of PT100 RTD sensors to measure the temperatures in the supply and return lines. This information, together with the liquid material information, is used to calculate the thermal energy transferred to a heat-exchanger or generated by an energy production system.







#### Signal Quality Tracking

The TP10 energy meter utilizes cutting-edge technologies such as advanced transducer design, low voltage transmission, digital signal processing, self adaptation and more to achieve high performance. Its proprietary quality tracking mechanism analyzes the quality of the received signal and automatically tunes itself to its optimized condition. This mechanism leads the system to be easily adaptable to pipe material variations and liquid property changes.

#### Transducer Pairing and Wetted Calibration

As QUALITY is of crucial importance, all ultrasonic transducers and temperature sensors are carefully paired, inspected and calibrated in order to guarantee high accuracy for both flow and temperature measurement. The flowmeter portion of the system is again wet-calibrated by installing the transducers on a flow loop in the factory and running the flow at different flowrate points. This wetted calibration process further assures the system accuracy and reliability.

#### Versatile Interfaces

TP10 provides versatile input/output interfaces, such as digital and relay outputs, batch control, alarm, energy and flow totalizing and 4-20mA output, which can be easily used by a host computer, PLC or a flow controller for process monitoring and control. Additionally, the built-in isolated RS-485 port and the optional GPRS/GSM module make remote flow and energy monitoring easy and reliable.

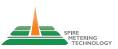
#### Non-intrusive, non-obstructive

With clamp-on transducers, the installation becomes very simple and easy. No pipe work is required and there is no risk of leaking or contamination.

The temperature sensor PTI00SM is also surface-mount type, which can be simply attached to the outer surface of the pipe.

#### Economical to Operate. Economical to Own

The ultrasonic transducers are made from crystal, and there are no moving parts to wear and tear. The whole meter system is completely solid state, and therefore the TP10 is both a robust and reliable system. No maintenance is required and no downtime cost is incurred.



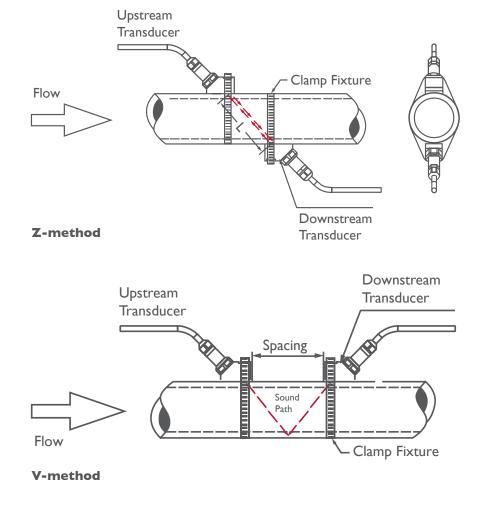


### **Measurement Principle**

The TP10 energy measurement system can be functionally divided into 3 subsystems: the flow subsystem, the temperature subsystem and the thermal energy calculation subsystem.

The flow subsystem measures the flowrate in the pipe based on the transit-time flow measurement principle. It utilizes a pair of ultrasonic sensors (A and B in figure below) that function as both ultrasonic transmitter and receiver. The sensors are clamped on the outside of the pipe at a specific distance from each other and the flow meter operates by alternately transmitting and receiving a coded burst of sound energy between the two sensors and measuring the transit time it takes for a sound pulse to travel between the two sensors. The difference in the transit time is directly related to the velocity of the liquid in the pipe. The flowrate is then calculated based on the transit-time difference, the geometry of the pipe and the fluid dynamics formula.

The sensors are commonly mounted with the Z-method or the V-method. With the Z-method, the two sensors are installed on opposite sides of the pipe. This method offers shorter sound path, thus, better signal strength. It is often used for large size pipes where signal strength is more important. With the V-method, the two sensors are





installed on the same side of the pipe. The sound path is doubled, and as a result, the measurement accuracy is better. This method is often used for small and medium size pipes.

The temperature subsystem measures the temperature of the liquid in the supply line and the return line of a heat exchanging circuit. The electronics of the TP10 system can accommodate a pair of PT100 RTD sensors, either surface mount type or insertion type. For easy installation, the PT100SM surface mount RTD is better. For better accuracy, PT100IN insertion RTD is better.

The thermal energy calculation subsystem utilizes the flowrate data, temperature data and the liquid density information to calculate the thermal energy delivered to the heat exchanging device. There are two methods for thermal energy calculation:

- (I)  $Qt = V \times (T2 TI) \times Ct$
- (2)  $Qt = V \times \rho \times (TC2 TCI)$

for water only. Temperature must be in range 0-150°C (302°F)

Where Qt is the thermal energy (or caloric) consumed, V is the volumetric flow rate, TI and T2 are the temperatures at the return line and the supply line, respectively. Ct is the specific heat (or the thermal capacity coefficient) of the fluid, which can be manually entered into the TP10 through the keypad. For water, Ct is normally about 0.0041868GJ/m3°C.

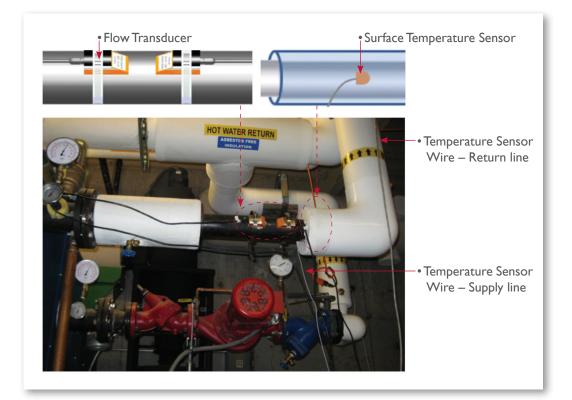
ρ is the density of water at the supply temperature. TCI and TC2 are the thermal capacities of the water corresponding to temperature TI and T2, which are calculated by the TP10 system according to international standards.





## **Typical Transducer Installation**

The following figure illustrates how the ultrasonic transducers and temperature sensors are installed on a chiller circuit. The ultrasonic transducers are clamped on the outside of the supply line with metal strip fixtures. The two transducers are on the same side of the pipe, referred to as the V-method installation. The temperature sensors shown here are surface-mount type, PTI00SM. They are attached to the pipes, one on the supply, another on the return. Both sensors should be wrapped in thermal insulation material so that the temperature near the sensor is close to the temperature inside of the pipe.



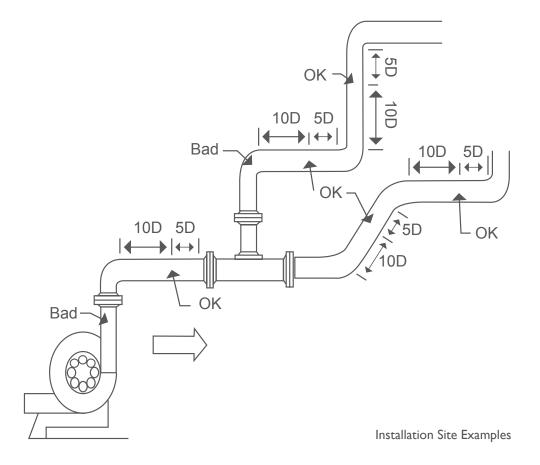




## **Transducer Mounting Site Selection**

The site of the ultrasonic transducer installation is very important. Here are some recommendations for selecting the right site:

- In order to achieve good accuracy, it is recommended to have I5D straight-pipe length: upstream I0D and downstream 5D, where D is pipe diameter.
- If there is a valve upstream and the valve is not fully open, it could generate flow disturbance. A longer upstream straight pipe is recommended.
- If there is a pump upstream, we recommend to have 25D straight pipe run.
- If the pipe is vertical, make sure the flow is going upward, not downward. Downward flow could have air gap if the flow is free fall.
- If the pipe is horizontal, make sure the pipe is full! The transducers should be installed on the side of the pipe, not on the top or bottom of the pipe.







# **Specifications: Main Unit**

Fluid- Velocity	± 10 m/s (± 32 ft/s)
Fluid Temperature	0 – 150°C (0 – 300°F)
Accuracy - Velocity	±1% of reading ± 0.008m/s (± 0.03ft/s) in velocity *
Accuracy – Temperature	For Delta T: <0.1C with matched RTD sensor pair For T: <1°C (33.8 °F) Sensor Type: PT100. 4-wire
Repeatability	0.2%
Response Time	0.5s. Configurable between 0.5s and 99s
Display/Keypad	LCD with backlight. 2 x 20 letters. 4 x 4 tactile-feedback membrane keypad. Displays instantaneous energy rate, energy total, flow rate, flow total, velocity, time, temperature, analog outputs/inputs
Units	English (U.S.) or metric. BTU, KWH, GJ, etc.
Physical Quantity	Energy rate, total energy, volumetric flow rate, total flow, velocity, analog inputs
Totalizers	Positive totalizer, negative totalizer, net totalizer, daily totalizer, monthly totalizer, yearly totalizer, manual totalizer
Security	Keypad can be locked with password
Outputs	
Current Output	0/4-20mA isolated output for energy rate, flowrate, velocity or sound speed. Impedance 0-1k. Accuracy 0.1%
	Optically isolated Open Collector Transistor output (OCT). Up to 0.5A load. Can be programmed as:
	<ul> <li>Pulse signal for flow/energy totalization</li> </ul>
• Digital Output	• ON/OFF signal for special event such as overflow, no flow, reverse flow, leakage alarming, etc.
	• START/STOP signal for batch control Can be used to drive pulse counter, external relay, alarm, PLC counter
	IA@125VAC or 2A@30VDC. Can be programmed as:
	<ul> <li>Pulse signal for flow/energy totalization</li> </ul>
• Relay Output	• ON/OFF signal for special event such as overflow, no flow, reverse flow, leakage alarming, etc.
	<ul> <li>START/STOP signal for batch control</li> </ul>
	Can be used to drive pulse counter, external relay, alarm, PLC counter, or, to control pump, valve, lights
• Sound Alarm	One sound alarm, programmable to specific event such as overflow, no flow, reverse flow, leakage alarming





Inputs	or liquid level transmitter					
Recording	Automatically records the daily total of the last 512 days and the monthly total of the last 128 months SD data logger (Optional) for recording energy, temperature, velocity, flow, status, etc					
Communication Interface	Isolated RS-485 with power surge protection. Supports the MODBUS protocol. Optional RF / GPRS / GSM module for wireless networking remote monitoring and remote control					
Software	Optional StufManager PC software for real-time data acquisition and remote meter control					
Telemetry	uGalaxy_GPRS and uGalaxy_GSM wireless telemetry systems are available upon request **					
Enclosure	Enclosure Standard (TP10-x-A)					
Protection	IP65	IP66 (NEMA 4X)				
• Dimensions	280mm x 190mm x 54mm (11" x 7.5" x 2.1")	305mm x 254mm x 102mm (12" x 10" x 4")				
• Features	Weather-proof. Aluminum, power coded.	Weather-proof. Polycarbonate. High-impact, UV resistant. UL-50/c-UL Listed.				
Weight	5kg (10lbs)	7.5kg (15lbs)				
Environment Temp	60°C (140°F)	60°C (140°F)				
Power sources	12-24 VDC, 90-260 VAC 50/60 Hz <2W @12VDC	12-24VDC, 90-260VAC 50/60 Hz <2W @12VDC				

#### Notes:

•\* Under reference condition and velocity should be above 0.5ft/s.

Flowrate is calculated by multiplying velocity with the inner cross-section area of the pipe.

•\*\* For wireless telemetry system solution, please contact solutions@spiremt.com.





# How To Order The Main Unit:

Please select one option (ID) from each category.

	<b>TP</b> 10 -			]-[	]-[]-		]	•
<b>Type</b> Clamp-on (See page 12 for transducer configuration)	ID C						f	Attention fou must order both flow transmitter (main
Enclosure		ID					F	unit) and Transducer pair to make a complete
Standard IP65		A					(†	lowmeter system.
Enhanced IP66		В						
Other, please specify		С						
Temperature Sensor		ID						
None		0						
Surface Mount PT100SM		1						•
Insertion PT100IN		2						
Temperature Sensor Wire Length			ID					Attention
None			A					185-USB or 485-Ether-
3m (10ft)			В					net adapter is required or PC software use.
10m (30ft)			С					or re soltware use.
Power Supply			ID					
110VAC & 12-24VDC			1				ID	External Adapter*
220VAC & 12-24VDC			2	_			А	None
Data Logger				ID			В	485-USB (to connect to a PC)
None				Ν	-			485-Ethernet (to connect
2GB SD data logger (for recording flow, temperature, and energy	gy)			Y	_		С	to an Ethernet network)
Wireless					ID		D	Other, please specify
None					0	ID	PC	2 Software
GSM				+	-	0		
GPRS				+	2			ifManager for real-time
Radio				$\rightarrow$	3	I		a acquisition
Other, please specify					4	2	_	alaxy Telemetry System
							uG	anaxy referred y bysterr





## **Specifications: Clamp-On Transducer**

Model	Picture	Description
Type: HFx PN#: TWC-X (x=1-5)	(shape may vary)	Standard temperature, FITTEDTemperature range 0°F - 140°F (-20°C - 60°C).Compact 2MHz transducer.Fit to one pipe size onlyTWC-HFI: for 1/2" (DN15) pipeTWC-HFI: for 1/2" (DN20) pipeTWC-HF3: for 1" (DN25) pipeTWC-HF4: for 1 1/4" (DN32) pipeTWC-HF5: for 1 1/2" (DN40) pipe
Type: HF0 PN#: TWC-6		<b>Standard temperature, clamp-on, 2MHz</b> Temperature 0°F - 176°F (-20°C - 80°C) Clamp-on 2MHz transducer TWC-HF0: for <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> " - 2" (DN20-DN50) pipes
Type: MI PN#: TWC-7		<b>Standard temperature, clamp-on, IMHz</b> Temperature 0°F - 176°F (-20°C - 80°C) Clamp-on IMHz transducer (magnetic) For medium size pipes 2" - 28" (DN50-DN700mm)
Type: LF PN#: TWC-8		<b>Standard temperature, clamp-on, 0.5MHz</b> Temperature 0°F - 176°F (-20°C - 80°C) Clamp-on 0.5MHz transducer. For large size pipes 12" - 120" (DN300- DN3000mm)
Type: HF0HT PN#: TWC-9		<b>High temperature, clamp-on</b> High temperature 32°F - 300°F (0°C - 150°C) Clamp-on 2MHz transducer For <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> " - 2" (DN20-DN50) pipes
Type: MIHT PN#: TWC-10		<b>High temperature, clamp-on</b> High temperature 32°F - 300°F (0°C - 150°C) Clamp-on IMHz transducer For medium size pipes 2" - 28" (DN50-DN700mm)
Type: PT100SM PN#: TWT-PT100SM		<b>Temperature sensor</b> RTD, PTI00, surface-mount. 4-wires 0°F - 300°F (-20°C - 150°C) Metal protection.
Type: PT100IN PN#: T₩T-PT100IN	Real Property	<b>Temperature sensor</b> RTD, PT100, insertion. 4-wires 0°F - 300°F (-20°C - 150°C) Industrial grade

#### Notes:

• TP10 main unit works not only with the above clamp-on transducers, but also with wetted transducers, such as insertion type and flow-cell type transducers. Wetted transducers provide better accuracy and excellent long-term stability. Please contact solutions@spiremt.com for more information.





## How To Order The Flow Transducer:

Please select one option (ID) from each category.

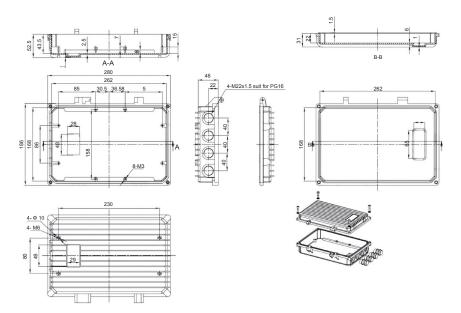
	TWC					
Flow Transducer Type	ID					
Standard temperature, FITTED:						
HFI - 2MHz, for pipe size 1/2"	1					
HF2 - 2MHz, for pipe size <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> "	2					
HF3 - 2MHz, for pipe size 1"	3					
HF4 - 2MHz, for pipe size 1 1/4"	4					
HF5 - 2MHz, for pipe size 1 1/2"	5					
Standard temperature, clamp-on, 2MHz:						
HF0 - 2MHz, for pipe sizes <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> " - 2"	6					
Standard temperature, clamp-on, IMHz:						•
MI - IMHz, for pipe size 2" - 28"	7				(	-/!\
Standard temperature, clamp-on, 0.5MHz:						*Note
LF - 0.5MHz, for pipe size 12" - 120"	8					When indicating
High temperature, clamp-on:						nominal pipe size
HF0HT - 2MHz, for pipe size <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub> " - 2"	9					please reference the following:
MIHT - IMHz, for pipe size 2" - 28"	10					the following:
•						For 1.5 inch $\rightarrow 0.1$ . 5
Pipe Size Please write nominal pipe size. *Please reference example show	vn on the right.	_				For 1.5 inch <u>→ 01.5</u>
Please write nominal pipe size. *Please reference example show Pipe Size Unit	vn on the right.	 ID				For 1.5 inch <u>→ 0 1 . 5</u>
Please write nominal pipe size. *Please reference example show <b>Pipe Size Unit</b> Inch	vn on the right.	I				For 1.5 inch <u>→ 01.5</u>
Please write nominal pipe size. *Please reference example show Pipe Size Unit	vn on the right.	ID   I   M			C	)
Please write nominal pipe size. *Please reference example show <b>Pipe Size Unit</b> Inch Millimeter	vn on the right.	I M			ID	Clamp Fixture
Please write nominal pipe size. *Please reference example show Pipe Size Unit Inch Millimeter Pipe Type	vn on the right.	I M	ID		C	Clamp Fixture None
Please write nominal pipe size. *Please reference example show Pipe Size Unit Inch Millimeter Pipe Type Copper	vn on the right.	I M	А		ID 0 1	<b>Clamp Fixture</b> None 1/2" - 2" (DN15-50)
Please write nominal pipe size. *Please reference example show Pipe Size Unit Inch Millimeter Pipe Type Copper Rigid Tubing	vn on the right.	I M	A B	-	ID 0 1 2	Clamp Fixture           None           ½" - 2" (DN15-50)           2" - 4" (DN50-100)
Please write nominal pipe size. *Please reference example show Pipe Size Unit Inch Millimeter Pipe Type Copper Rigid Tubing ANSI Plastic	vn on the right.	I M	A B		ID 0 1	Clamp Fixture None 1/2" - 2" (DN15-50) 2" - 4" (DN50-100 5" - 8" (DN125-200
Please write nominal pipe size. *Please reference example show Pipe Size Unit Inch Millimeter Pipe Type Copper Rigid Tubing	vn on the right.	I M	A B C	-	ID 0 1 2 3 4	Clamp Fixture None 1/2" - 2" (DN15-50) 2" - 4" (DN50-100 5" - 8" (DN125-200 10" - 12" (DN250-300
Please write nominal pipe size. *Please reference example show Pipe Size Unit Inch Millimeter Pipe Type Copper Rigid Tubing ANSI Plastic ANSI Metal Stainless Steel	vn on the right.	I M	A B C D		ID 0 1 2 3	Clamp Fixture None 1/2" - 2" (DN15-50) 2" - 4" (DN50-100 5" - 8" (DN125-200 10" - 12" (DN250-300 14" - 16" (DN350-400
Please write nominal pipe size. *Please reference example show <b>Pipe Size Unit</b> Inch Millimeter <b>Pipe Type</b> Copper Rigid Tubing ANSI Plastic ANSI Metal	vn on the right.	I M	A B C D E		ID 0 1 2 3 4 5	Clamp Fixture None 1/2" - 2" (DN15-50) 2" - 4" (DN50-100 5" - 8" (DN125-200 10" - 12" (DN250-300 14" - 16" (DN350-400 18" - 20" (DN450-500
Please write nominal pipe size. *Please reference example show Pipe Size Unit Inch Millimeter Pipe Type Copper Rigid Tubing ANSI Plastic ANSI Metal Stainless Steel	vn on the right.	I M	A B C D E		ID 0 1 2 3 4 5 6	Clamp Fixture           None           ½" - 2" (DN15-50)           2" - 4" (DN50-100)
Please write nominal pipe size. *Please reference example show Pipe Size Unit Inch Millimeter Pipe Type Copper Rigid Tubing ANSI Plastic ANSI Metal Stainless Steel Other, please specify Cable Length	vn on the right.	I M	A B C D E F	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	ID 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Clamp Fixture None 1/2" - 2" (DN15-50) 2" - 4" (DN50-100) 5" - 8" (DN125-200) 10" - 12" (DN250-300) 14" - 16" (DN350-400) 18" - 20" (DN450-500) Other, please specify
Please write nominal pipe size. *Please reference example show Pipe Size Unit Inch Millimeter Pipe Type Copper Rigid Tubing ANSI Plastic ANSI Metal Stainless Steel Other, please specify		I M	A B C D E F		ID 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Clamp Fixture None 1/2" - 2" (DN15-50) 2" - 4" (DN50-100 5" - 8" (DN125-200 10" - 12" (DN250-300 14" - 16" (DN350-400 18" - 20" (DN450-500
Please write nominal pipe size. *Please reference example show Pipe Size Unit Inch Millimeter Pipe Type Copper Rigid Tubing ANSI Plastic ANSI Plastic ANSI Metal Stainless Steel Other, please specify Cable Length Sm (15ft)	<i>vn</i> on the right.	I M	A B C D E F ID		ID 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 7 <b>Li</b> ( 32)	Clamp Fixture None 1/2" - 2" (DN15-50) 2" - 4" (DN50-100) 5" - 8" (DN125-200) 10" - 12" (DN250-300) 14" - 16" (DN350-400) 18" - 20" (DN450-500) Other, please specify quid Temperature



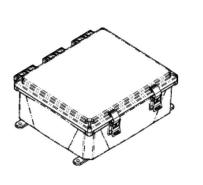


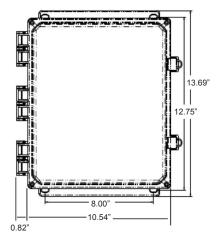
## **Dimensions**

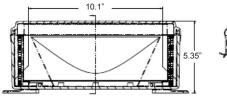
#### Standard Enclosure (TP10-x-A)

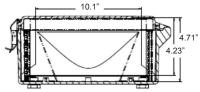


Enhanced Enclosure (TP10-x-B)













## **Application Examples**

#### Example I: Chiller System

Company A has a chiller pipe, 8" size, carbon steel, schedule 40. They want to monitor the thermal energy production of this chiller circuit with non-intrusive technology. There is a 10 feet straight pipe after an elbow. The main unit will be installed in a control room which is 15 feet away from the transducer location.

In this application, the customer needs to use the following parts:

Main unit with temperature sensors: TP10-I-A-2-B-I-N-0 Clamp-on Flow Transducer (pair): TWC-7-8I-D-I-A-3

#### Example 2: Solar Hot Water System

Company B has a solar hot water system. They need to measure how much hot water and how much thermal energy have been generated each day. The main pipe is a 2" copper pipe. The water temperature is around  $160^{\circ}F(71.1^{\circ}C)$  on the supply line. They want to use non-intrusive method to measure the flow and energy.

The flow and energy data need to be logged every 5 minutes for 3 months.

The operator of this system wants to use a cell phone to check the flow and energy so to monitor the system status anywhere he/she goes. Also, in case the flow is over or below a certain flowrate, which could indicate a pump failure, the operator wants to receive an alarm message from the meter immediately.

In this application, the customer needs to use the TP10 clamp-on thermal energy meter with GSM wireless option. The customer needs to order the following: Main unit with temperature sensors: TP10-2-A-2-B-I-Y-I Clamp-on Flow Transducer (pair): TWC-6-2I-A-I-A-I



Memo





# **About Spire Metering Technology**

Formerly Shenitech, Spire Metering is a global leader in flow and energy management solutions. Through continuous innovation, we transform cutting-edge technologies into affordable, reliable solutions for accurate flow and energy measurement. Spire Metering offers water, heat, electricity and gas meters as well as AMR/AMI solutions. To find out how we can help today, please tell us about your application.

